

Amendment

In the Claims:

- 1. (Currently amended): A vector for delivery of a virus to a target cell within a host animal, consisting essentially of comprising a cell-targeting ligand non-covalently bound directly to said virus, wherein said ligand binds directly to a receptor on said target cell.
- 2. (Original): The vector of claim 1 wherein said virus and said ligand are not naturally associated with each other.
- 3. (Original): The vector of claim 1, wherein said virus is comprised of a therapeutic nucleic acid.
- 4. (Original): The vector of claim 1, wherein said virus is comprised of a nucleic acid that encodes a therapeutic peptide or protein.
- 5. (Original): The vector of claim 1, wherein said virus is comprised of a nucleic acid that encodes wild-type p53.
- 6. (Original): The vector of claim 1, wherein said virus is a retrovirus or an adenovirus.

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7. (Original): The vector of claim 1, wherein said virus is selected from the

group consisting of adeno-associated virus, herpes simplex virus, cytomegalovirus,

vaccinia virus, fowlpox virus, canarypox virus and Sindbis virus.

8. (Original): The vector of claim 1, wherein said virus is a chimeric virus, a

hybrid virus, or a recombinant virus.

9. (Original): The vector of claim 1, wherein said cell-targeting ligand is

selected from the group consisting of proteins, peptides, hormones, antibodies and

antibody fragments.

10. (Original): The vector of claim 1, wherein said cell-targeting ligand is a

native protein or a recombinant protein.

11. (Original): The vector of claim 1, wherein said cell-targeting ligand is

selected from the group consisting of insulin, toxins, EGF, VEGF, FGF, IGF,

heregulin, a viral protein, a bacterial protein, estrogen and progesterone.

12. (Original): The vector of claim 1, wherein said cell-targeting ligand is

transferrin.

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13. (Original): The vector of claim 1, wherein said cell-targeting ligand and

said virus are present at a ratio in the range of 100 to 1,000,000 ligand molecules per

virion.

14. (Original): The vector of claim 1, wherein said cell-targeting ligand and

said virus are present at a ratio in the range of 6,700 to 400,000 ligand molecules per

virion.

15. (Currently amended): The vector of claim 1, wherein said cell-targeting

ligand and said virus are present at a ratio in the range of 1 µg to 10 mg of said ligand

per 10¹⁰ virion virions.

16. (Currently amended): The vector of claim 1, wherein said cell-targeting

ligand and said virus are present at a ratio in the range of 10 µg to 600 µg of said

ligand per 10¹⁰ virion virions.

17. (Currently amended): A method for preparing a vector for the systemic

delivery of a virus to a target cell, said vector consisting essentially of comprising a

cell-targeting ligand non-covalently bound directly to said virus, comprising mixing

said cell-targeting ligand with said virus in an aqueous medium, whereby said ligand

non-covalently binds directly to said virus.

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18. (Original): The method of claim 17, wherein said aqueous solution

includes one or more of a buffering agent, an osmolarity adjusting agent, or an

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antibiotic.

19. (Currently amended): A method for targeting delivery of a nucleic acid

to cancer cells of an animal suffering from head and neck cancer, bladder cancer,

breast cancer, thyroid cancer, ovarian cancer, prostate cancer, melanoma or

lymphoma, comprising administering systemically to said animal a viral vector

consisting essentially of comprising a virus comprising said nucleic acid and a cell-

targeting ligand which is non-covalently bound directly to said virus and binds

directly to a receptor which is over-expressed on said cells.

20. (Original): The method of claim 19, wherein said animal is human.

21. (Canceled).

22. (Original): The method of claim 19 wherein said therapeutic agent is

administered parenterally.

23. (Original): The method of claim 19 wherein said therapeutic agent is

administered intravenously or intra-arterially.

24. (Canceled).

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25. (Previously presented): The method of claim 19, 39, 40 or 41 wherein

said vector encodes wild-type p53.

26. (Previously presented): The method of claim 19, 39, 40 or 41 wherein

said cell-targeting ligand is transferrin.

27. (Original): The method of claim 19 wherein said therapeutic agent is

administered to an animal receiving chemotherapy in addition to said therapeutic

agent.

28. (Original): The method of claim 19 wherein said therapeutic agent is

administered to an animal receiving radiation treatment in addition to said therapeutic

agent.

29. (Previously presented): The method of claim 19, 39, 40 or 41 wherein

said virus is comprised of a nucleic acid encoding wild-type p53 and said cell-

targeting ligand is transferrin.

30-31. (Canceled).

32. (Original): The vector of claim 1, wherein said virus is an adenovirus

comprising a therapeutic nucleic acid and said ligand is transferrin or EGF.

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33. (Original): The vector of claim 1, wherein said virus is an adenovirus and

said ligand as an antibody fragment.

34. (Original): The vector of claim 32, wherein said adenovirus comprises a

nucleic acid that encodes wild-type p53.

35. (Original): The vector of claim 33, wherein said adenovirus comprises a

nucleic acid that encodes wild-type p53.

36. (Original): The vector of claim 1, wherein said virus is a retrovirus or

herpes simplex virus comprising a therapeutic nucleic acid and said ligand is

transferrin.

37. (Original): The method of claim 19, wherein said virus is an adenovirus, a

retrovirus or a herpes simplex virus.

38. (Previously presented): The method of claim 37, wherein said virus is an

adenovirus.

39. (Currently amended): A method of specifically targeting and sensitizing

cancer cells to radiation or chemotherapy which comprises systemically administering

to a person suffering from cancer a viral vector complex consisting essentially of

comprising an admixture of (1) a virus comprising a nucleic acid which will sensitize

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said target cells to radiation or chemotherapy and (2) a targeting ligand which is

bound directly and non-covalently to said virus and will bind directly to said cancer

cells such that said nucleic acid is delivered to said cancer cells; wherein said cancer

cells are selected from head and neck cancer, bladder cancer, breast cancer, thyroid

cancer, ovarian cancer, prostate cancer, melanoma [[or]] and lymphoma cells, and

said cancer cells overexpress a receptor for said ligand.

40. (Currently amended): A method of increasing the levels of expression of a

nucleic acid of interest in target cancer cells, which comprises systemically

administering an effective amount of a viral vector complex which comprises consists

essentially of a virus comprising said nucleic acid and a ligand which is bound

directly and non-covalently to said virus and binds directly to a receptor

overexpressed on said target cancer cells; wherein expression of said nucleic acid of

interest in said target cells sensitizes said cells to radiation or chemotherapy; and

further wherein said target cancer cells are selected from the group consisting of head

and neck cancer, bladder cancer, breast cancer, thyroid cancer, ovarian cancer,

prostate cancer, melanoma and lymphoma cells.

41. (Currently amended): In a method of administering a chemotherapeutic or

radiation therapy agent to an animal suffering from head and neck cancer, bladder

cancer, breast cancer, thyroid cancer, ovarian cancer, prostate cancer, melanoma and

lymphoma, the improvement which comprises:

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systemically administering to said animal prior to said chemotherapy or

radiation a viral vector complex which comprises consists essentially of (1) a virus

comprising a nucleic acid which when expressed in cancer cells sensitizes said cells to

radiation or chemotherapy and (2) a ligand which is bound directly to a receptor on

said virus and bind binds directly to a receptor on said cancer cells.

42. (Currently amended): A method of specifically targeting and sensitizing

cancer cells to radiation or chemotherapy which comprises administering

intratumorally to a person suffering from cancer a viral vector complex comprising

consisting essentially of an admixture of (1) a virus comprising a nucleic acid which

will sensitize said target cells to radiation or chemotherapy and (2) a targeting ligand

which is bound directly and non-covalently to said virus and will bind directly to said

cancer cells such that said nucleic acid is delivered to said cancer cells; wherein said

cancer cells are selected from head and neck cancer, bladder cancer, breast cancer,

thyroid cancer, ovarian cancer, prostate cancer, melanoma [[or]] and lymphoma cells,

and said cancer cells overexpress a receptor for said ligand.

43 (Currently amended): A method of increasing the levels of expression of a

nucleic acid of interest in target cancer cells, which comprises administering

intratumorally an effective amount of a viral vector complex which comprises

consists essentially of a virus comprising said nucleic acid and a ligand which is

bound directly and non-covalently to said virus and binds directly to a receptor

overexpressed on said target cancer cells; wherein expression of said nucleic acid of

interest in said target cells sensitizes said cells to radiation or chemotherapy; and

further wherein said target cancer cells are selected from the group consisting of head

and neck cancer, bladder cancer, breast cancer, thyroid cancer, ovarian cancer,

prostate cancer, melanoma and lymphoma cells.

44. (Currently amended): In a method of administering a chemotherapeutic or

radiation therapy agent to an animal suffering from head and neck cancer, bladder

cancer, breast cancer, thyroid cancer, ovarian cancer, prostate cancer, melanoma and

lymphoma, the improvement which comprises:

administering intratumorally to said animal prior to said chemotherapy or

radiation a viral vector complex which comprises consists essentially of (1) a virus

comprising a nucleic acid which when expressed in cancer cells sensitizes said cells to

radiation or chemotherapy and (2) a ligand which is bound directly to a receptor on

said virus and bind binds directly to a receptor on said cancer cells.

45. (New): A vector prepared by the method of claim 17.

46. (New): A vector for systemic delivery of a virus to a target cell prepared

by mixing a cell-targeting ligand with a virus in an aqueous medium, whereby said

ligand non-covalently binds directly to said virus.

47. (New): The vector of claim 46 wherein said virus and said ligand are not

naturally associated with each other.

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48. (New): The vector of claim 46, wherein said virus is comprised of a

therapeutic nucleic acid.

49. (New): The vector of claim 46, wherein said virus is comprised of a

nucleic acid that encodes a therapeutic peptide or protein.

50. (New): The vector of claim 46, wherein said virus is comprised of a

nucleic acid that encodes wild-type p53.

51. (New): The vector of claim 46, wherein said virus is a retrovirus or an

adenovirus.

52. (New): The vector of claim 46, wherein said virus is selected from the

group consisting of adeno-associated virus, herpes simplex virus, cytomegalovirus,

vaccinia virus, fowlpox virus, canarypox virus and Sindbis virus.

53. (New): The vector of claim 46, wherein said virus is a chimeric virus, a

hybrid virus, or a recombinant virus.

54. (New): The vector of claim 46, wherein said cell-targeting ligand is

selected from the group consisting of proteins, peptides, hormones, antibodies and

antibody fragments.

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55. (New): The vector of claim 46, wherein said cell-targeting ligand is a

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native protein or a recombinant protein.

56. (New): The vector of claim 46, wherein said cell-targeting ligand is

selected from the group consisting of insulin, toxins, EGF, VEGF, FGF, IGF,

heregulin, a viral protein, a bacterial protein, estrogen and progesterone.

57. (New): The vector of claim 46, wherein said cell-targeting ligand is

transferrin.

58. (New): The vector of claim 46, wherein said cell-targeting ligand and said

virus are present at a ratio in the range of 100 to 1,000,000 ligand molecules per

virion.

59. (New): The vector of claim 46, wherein said cell-targeting ligand and said

virus are present at a ratio in the range of 6,700 to 400,000 ligand molecules per

virion.

60. (New): The vector of claim 46, wherein said cell-targeting ligand and said

virus are present at a ratio in the range of 1 µg to 10 mg of said ligand per 10¹⁰

virions.

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61. (New): The vector of claim 46, wherein said cell-targeting ligand and said virus are present at a ratio in the range of 10 μ g to 600 μ g of said ligand per 10¹⁰ virions.